

LEICESTERSHIRE SAFER COMMUNITIES STRATEGY BOARD

1 OCTOBER 2018

SAFER COMMUNITIES PERFORMANCE 2018/19 Q2

Introduction

1. The purpose of this report is to update the Leicestershire Safer Communities Strategy Board (LSCSB) regarding Safer Communities performance for 2018/19 Q2. The Safer Communities dashboard is shown at Appendix 1.
2. The dashboard shows the performance of each key performance indicator (KPI). It includes rolling 12 months trend data, collated comparative data showing most similar group (MSG) ranking and, more locally, charts showing how district councils compare.

Overall Performance Summary

3. Burglary and vehicle crime KPI's have started to show a positive downward trend with rates lower in the current rolling 12 months. Conversely violence with injury and total crime indicators continue their increasing trend. Most categories are performing in line or lower than the regional average, (paragraph 7-11).
4. The Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) indicator is drawn from a question in the Community Based Survey (CBS), *'the % of people that agree that ASB has decreased or stayed the same'*. The previous survey based adverse falling trend in public perceptions regarding ASB levels have slowed and is starting to level out, (paragraph 20).
5. Repeat Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC) referrals are at 39% which is close to the upper recommend SafeLives threshold of 40% (Paragraph 17).
6. Performance with regard to each priority is outlined below.

Ongoing Reductions in Crime

7. Residential Burglary rates have stabilised with the rolling 12 months figure for residential Burglary at 4.9 which is slightly lower than the financial year end figure of 5.11. Current rates are in line with the regional average.
8. The offence rate for all Burglary, i.e. both residential and commercial, is 7.01 per 1000 population. This is a 12% reduction on the previous rolling 12 months; the current rate is in-line with the regional average.

9. Vehicle crime incorporates theft of vehicle, theft from vehicle and vehicle interference. There was a peak in vehicle crime in October 2017, since then there has been a positive decreasing trend. The current rolling 12 months has 13% fewer vehicle offences than the previous rolling 12 months. The current rate per 1000 population is 7.01 which is in-line with the regional average.
10. The violence with injury rate is 5.02 per 1000 population which is a 19% increase on the previous rolling 12 months. The upward trend in violence with injury rates has stabilised over the last 6 months. Increases in violence with injury have been seen nationally; to add context, Leicestershire is well below the regional average of 8.7 offences per 1000 population.
11. In summary, reported crime in Leicestershire County in 2018/19 is continuing its upward direction, currently with an overall year on year increase of 11%. The rate of increase has shown early signs of slowing during the last quarter. The overall increasing trend follows the regional trend. The current rate is 62 crimes per 1000 population which is better than regional average of 72 crimes per 1000 population.

Reducing Re-offending

12. Integrated Offender Management (IOM) data monitors the Leicester, Leicestershire and Rutland wide overall reoffending rate amongst a representative cohort of offenders. There are limitations with performance only measured annually and across LLR (separate county figures are no longer produced). The percentage reduction in reoffending has shown a slight improvement with the 2014/15 figure sitting at 40%, a 2015/16 figure of 41% and current rolling 12 month figure of 41.8% reduction.
13. IOM reoffending data remains relatively static and has limitations as such additional indicators have been explored.
14. DLNR CRC has developed the 'Reoffending Analysis Tool' (RAT). There are caveats surrounding the data most significant being that data is extracted from the CRC database nDelius, and not from the PNC, the data should therefore be treated as indicative rather than definitive.
15. The RAT re-offending rate for the most recently terminated cohort (closed in Sept 2018) for Leicestershire (LLR) is 38.78% as a comparison the rate in Nottinghamshire is 36% and in Derbyshire 39.76%.
16. The first time entrants (FTE) entering the Criminal Justice System (CJS) aged 10-17 KPI remains unchanged from Q1. As previously reported the yearly cumulative total was a notable 104 FTE's, which is the lowest recorded since 2005. This performance was a significant decrease of 22 FTEs (17.5%) when compared 126 FTE's for yearly cumulative for the same period last year (2016/2017). Over the previous three years the yearly cumulative FTE totals were, 190 in 2014/15, 124 in 2015/16, and 126 in 2016/17. For the current financial year April to June 2018 there have been 29 FTEs.

17. The most recent YOS local data reports on the January to March 2017 cohort of young people. The April 2017 to March 2018 re-offending rate was 0.71. This is a notable performance improvement of 0.20 points when compared with the same period last year (0.91).

Repeat Victimisation and Vulnerable Victims

18. The rolling 12 month figure as at June 2018 for Repeat Multi Agency Risk Assessment Conference (MARAC) referrals is at 39% which is close to the upper recommend threshold of 40% by SafeLives. This is an increase of 5% when compared to the year-end figure March 2018.
19. There were 992 referrals to United Against Violence and Abuse (UAVA) for the period Oct 2017- Sept 2018. This is 82 fewer referrals than for the financial year 2017/18.

Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) and Satisfaction

20. In 2017/18 the Community Based Survey (CBS) was recommissioned with a new question set agreed. The question used to assess perceptions of ASB going forward is: “% of people that agree ASB has decreased or stayed the same”.
21. In Q2 79.1% of respondents agreed that ASB had decreased or remained the same. This value is down 8% on the comparable value in Q2 2017/18. The rate of decline has slowed with only a 2% difference over the last 3 quarters. The established quarter response to this question is usually between 92% and 97% the current figure therefore shows a sustained and marked downward trend in this KPI.

Preventing terrorism and radicalisation

22. Hate incident reporting at 0.85 incidents per thousand is similar to the previous rolling 12 months (0.81). 70% were racial in nature, 14% were classified as sexual orientation and 8% were classified as disability. Numbers however remain relatively low.

Recommendations

23. The Board notes the 2018/19 Q2 performance information.

Officers to Contact

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Appendices

Appendix 1- Safer Communities Performance Dashboard Quarter 2, 2018/19

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